



Health Talk



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Summer 2021

United Healthcare®
Community Plan



Did you know?

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Olympic Games were postponed for the first time ever. The 2020 Summer Olympic Games are being played in Tokyo this year in late July and early August.



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The COVID-19 vaccine

You may be wondering if it is safe to get the COVID-19 vaccine. The U.S. vaccine safety system puts all vaccines through a strict process to make sure they are safe. They are proven to be safe and effective for most people ages 12 and older. Most COVID-19 vaccines require 2 doses.

Get vaccinated when you are eligible. If you have questions about when you are eligible, contact your state health department. We know the vaccine supply may be limited. When the vaccine is available, it is important for everyone who is eligible to get it. This will help reduce the spread of COVID-19.



It's your best shot. Visit UHCommunityPlan.com/covid-19/vaccine for the latest information about the COVID-19 vaccine.



A healthy pregnancy

Earn rewards for prenatal and postpartum care

The earlier you start your prenatal care — also known as care you receive while pregnant — the better. Early and regular prenatal care can help keep you and your baby healthy. You will get your weight, blood pressure and urine checked at each visit. You will also get to listen to your baby’s heartbeat.

Prenatal appointments will likely be scheduled at the following times:

- Once a month from weeks 4 to 28
- Every 2 weeks from weeks 28 to 36
- Every week from weeks 36 to 40

You can earn rewards through our Healthy First Steps® program by attending your prenatal and postpartum appointments. Attend your first appointment to start your pregnancy journey.



Take the next step. Sign up for Healthy First Steps today to start earning rewards for having a healthy pregnancy. Visit UHCHealthyFirstSteps.com to enroll after your first provider appointment. Or call **1-800-599-5985**, TTY **711**, for more information.



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Healthy mind, healthy body

It’s OK to ask for help

Increased stress can lead people to use alcohol and drugs more often. If you or someone you care about is struggling with substance use, help is available.

Getting treatment for substance use can result in a better life. Here are some tips to start recovery:

- **Contact your primary care provider.** They can help you come up with a plan for treatment.
- **Find the right treatment.** Many kinds of help are available. This includes counseling, peer support and medications for opioid use disorder (MOUD). MOUD uses medications along with counseling and behavioral therapies.
- **Get help from family, friends and your community.** Don’t try to get better by yourself. Having people you can turn to for support can help.
- **Add a support group.** Talking with others who have “been there” can be helpful. There are many types of online and in-person groups.



Here to help. Contact the behavioral health hotline at **1-800-435-7486**, TTY **711**. They can help you find treatment.

Prevention is the best medicine

Regular appointments and screenings can help you take charge of your health

Preventive care is important. It helps keep you and your family healthy. Preventive care includes routine well exams, screenings and vaccines to keep you and your family from getting sick or developing other health problems.

All members of your family over the age of 3 should see their primary care provider once a year for an annual well visit. Children younger than 3 need to see their providers more often to get their recommended vaccines and screenings.

At your annual well visit, ask your provider about screenings and vaccines. Screenings can help catch common illnesses and conditions early, when they are easier to take care of. Vaccines protect against serious diseases that may require time in the hospital. See page 4 for an article about vaccines for children and adults.

Lead screening

If a child inhales or swallows lead, it could cause lead poisoning. Lead poisoning can cause slow growth and developmental problems. Kids should get lead screening tests at the ages of 1 and 2.

Developmental and behavioral screenings

These screenings and tests make sure your child is developing properly. They look at your child's movement, language, emotions, behavior and thinking. These screenings should be done when your child is 9 months old, 18 months old, and 24 or 30 months old – or anytime you have a concern.

Blood pressure screening

Keeping your blood pressure in check is an important part of maintaining good health. Adults should have their blood pressure checked at each well visit.



Breast cancer screening

Women who are 50 to 74 years old and are at average risk for breast cancer should get a mammogram every 2 years to screen for breast cancer.

Cervical cancer screening

Women between the ages of 21 and 29 should get a Pap smear every 3 years. Then Pap and HPV tests every 5 years between the ages of 30 and 65. Testing can end at age 65 for women with a history of normal Pap results.

Colorectal cancer screening

Colorectal cancer screening is recommended for adults ages 50 to 75. There are a few different ways to get screened for colorectal cancer. Options include colonoscopy, flexible sigmoidoscopy and at-home stool tests.



Time for a checkup? Call your primary care provider today to find out if you are up to date with all recommended screenings and vaccines. Make an appointment to see your provider if you are due for a visit.



Vaccines save lives

Vaccines are one of the best ways you can protect your family from serious diseases that may require time in the hospital. Both children and adults need to get vaccines. Everyone aged 6 months and older should get a flu shot each year.



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Vaccines for kids (in order of when the first dose should be received)	Shots for babies (birth–18 months)	Booster shots for young children (4–6 years)	Shots for preteens (11–12 years)
Hepatitis B (HepB)	X X X		
Rotavirus (RV)	X X X		
Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (DTaP)	X X X X	X	X
Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib)	X X X X		
Pneumococcal disease (PCV13)	X X X X		
Polio (IPV)	X X X	X	
Influenza (flu)	yearly	yearly	yearly
Measles, mumps, rubella (MMR)	X	X	
Chickenpox (varicella)	X	X	
Hepatitis A (HepA)	X		
Human papillomavirus (HPV)			X X
Meningococcal disease			X

Vaccines for adults	All ages	Age 50 and older	Age 65 and older
Influenza (flu)	yearly	yearly	yearly
Shingles (herpes zoster)		X X	
Tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis (Tdap)	every 10 years	every 10 years	every 10 years
Pneumococcal disease			X

Here comes the sun

Protect your skin while you're out having fun

Remember to wear sunscreen when you go outside this summer. It protects your skin and reduces your chance of developing skin cancer. Use a sunscreen that is broad-spectrum, water-resistant and has a sun protection factor (SPF) of 30 or higher.

You should put on sunscreen about 15 minutes before you first go outside. Reapply about every 2 hours or right after swimming or excessive sweating.



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Know where to get care

Primary care, virtual visits, urgent care or emergency room?

When you are sick or hurt, you may not want to wait to see a provider. Choosing the right place to go will help you get the treatment you need faster.

When can your primary care provider take care of you?

For most illnesses and injuries, your primary care provider's office should be the first place you call. They can treat:

- Allergies
- Back pain
- Chronic conditions
- Earache
- Fever
- Sore throat

Your primary care provider may be able to give advice for at-home care. They may also be able to call in a prescription to your pharmacy. You should also see your primary care provider for your annual well visit, basic lab tests and any vaccines you might need.

When can you use virtual visits?

Ask your provider if they offer virtual visits. If they do, think about using virtual visits for non-life-threatening situations. Virtual visits are good for:

- Cold/flu
- Fever
- Migraine/headaches
- Mild rashes
- Sinus infections
- Behavioral health
- Bronchitis
- Diarrhea

When should you go to urgent care?

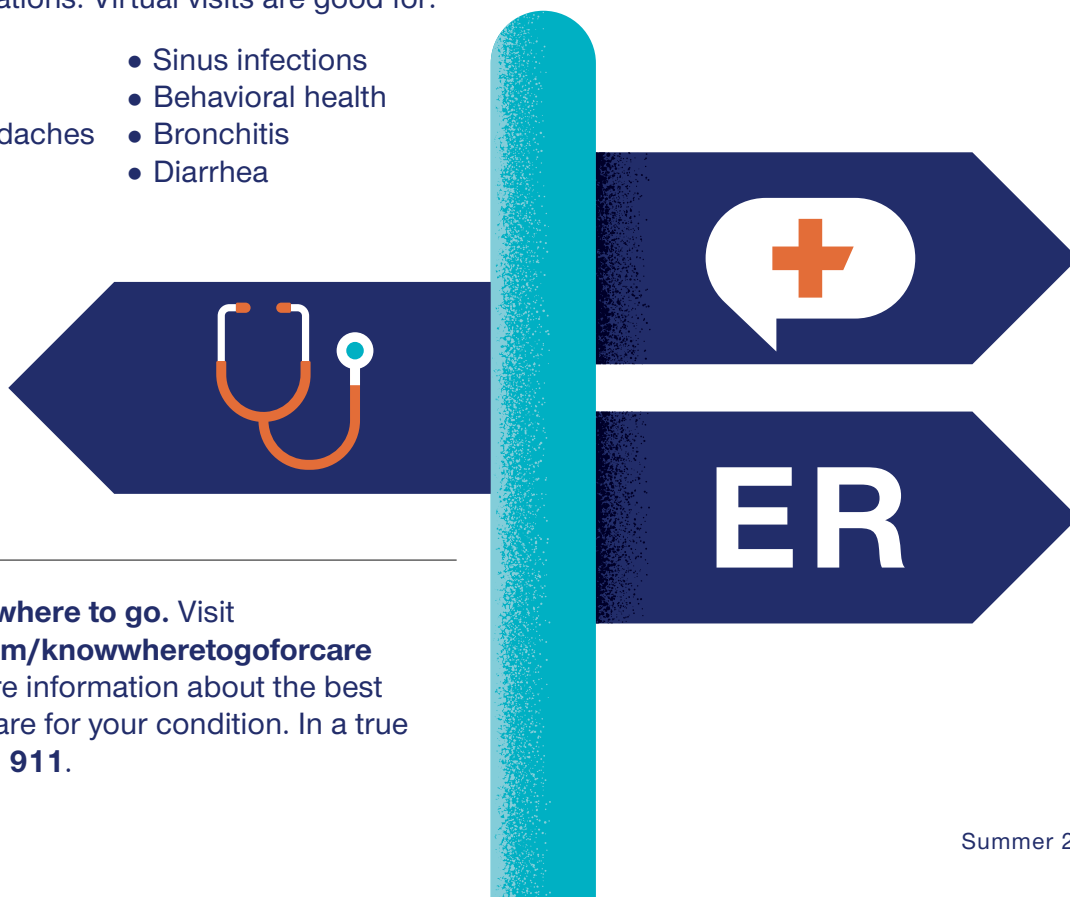
If you cannot get in to see your provider, you could go to an urgent care center. Urgent care centers take walk-in patients. Go there for:

- Animal and insect bites
- Mild asthma symptoms
- Minor burns
- Minor cuts that may need stitches
- Sprains, strains and minor fractures
- Vomiting

When should you go to a hospital emergency room?

Emergency rooms are for major medical emergencies only. Go there for:

- Broken bones
- Difficulty breathing or shortness of breath
- Difficulty speaking or walking
- Fainting or feeling suddenly dizzy or weak
- Pain or pressure in the chest or abdomen
- Sudden or severe pain
- Uncontrollable bleeding



Know where to go. Visit uhc.com/knowwheretogoforcure for more information about the best place to seek care for your condition. In a true emergency, call **911**.



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Get relief

Tips for managing allergies and asthma in the summer heat

At certain times of year, the outdoor air is filled with pollen and mold spores. For people with allergies, this can mean a stuffy nose, lots of sneezing and itchy/watery eyes. What's more, all of these airborne allergens can make asthma symptoms worse, too.



istock.com/Steve_Hardiman

During the summer, the common triggers for allergies and asthma include grasses, weeds and other late-blooming plants. Here are some tips for managing these conditions during this time of year.

During the summer, the common triggers for allergies and asthma include grasses, weeds and other late-blooming plants. Here are some tips for managing these conditions during this time of year.

- **Watch the weather.** Dry, warm and windy days tend to be high-pollen times. When possible, save outdoor activities for cool, damp days.
- **Exercise indoors.** By working out indoors, you can stay away from pollen and outdoor molds.
- **Get help with yardwork.** If you must work outdoors, wear a mask to help keep pollen out of your nose and mouth.
- **Keep windows closed.** Use air-conditioning in your home and car, if possible.
- **After spending time outdoors, shower and change your clothes.** This keeps pollen off your furniture and bedding.

Resource corner

Member Services: Find a provider, ask benefit questions or get help scheduling an appointment, in any language (toll-free).

1-877-542-8997, TTY 711

Our website: Find a provider, view your benefits or see your ID card, wherever you are.
myuhc.com/CommunityPlan

NurseLine: Get health advice from a nurse 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (toll-free).

1-877-543-3409, TTY 711

Quit For Life®: Get help quitting smoking at no cost to you (toll-free).

1-866-784-8454, TTY 711

quitnow.net

Healthy First Steps®: Get support throughout your pregnancy. Get rewards for timely prenatal and well-baby care (toll-free).

1-800-599-5985, TTY 711

UHCHealthyFirstSteps.com

Live and Work Well: Find articles, self-care tools, caring providers, and mental health and substance use resources.

LiveandWorkWell.com



Take action. It's important to create an asthma action plan with your primary care provider. Ask whether your plan should be adjusted for the summer allergy season.

Summer self-care

For many people, taking care of family and friends is part of daily life. But it's important to make time to take care of yourself, too. Visit **healthtalkselfcare.myuhc.com** to download a self-care BINGO card. Do a different self-care activity each day until you score BINGO. Save the card to practice self-care year-round.



UnitedHealthcare Community Plan complies with all Federal civil rights laws that relate to healthcare services. UnitedHealthcare Community Plan offers healthcare services to all members without regard to race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. UnitedHealthcare Community Plan does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. This includes gender identity, pregnancy and sex stereotyping.

UnitedHealthcare Community Plan also complies with applicable state laws and does not discriminate on the basis of creed, gender, gender expression or identity, sexual orientation, marital status, religion, honorably discharged veteran or military status, or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a person with a disability.

If you think you were treated unfairly because of your sex, age, race, color, disability or national origin, you can send a complaint to:

Civil Rights Coordinator
UnitedHealthcare Civil Rights Grievance
P.O. Box 30608, Salt Lake City, UTAH 84130
UHC_Civil_Rights@uhc.com

You can call or write us about a complaint at any time. We will let you know we received your complaint within two business days. We will try to take care of your complaint right away. We will resolve your complaint within 45 calendar days and tell you how it was resolved.

If you need help with your complaint, please call **1-877-542-8997**, TTY **711**, 8 a.m. – 5 p.m., Monday – Friday.

You can also file a complaint with the U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services.

Online:

<https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf>

Complaint forms are available at

<http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html>

Phone:

Toll-free **1-800-368-1019**, **1-800-537-7697** (TDD)

Mail:

U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services
200 Independence Avenue SW, Room 509F, HHH Building
Washington, D.C. 20201

If you need help with your complaint, please call **1-877-542-8997**, TTY **711**.

We provide free services to help you communicate with us. Such as, letters in other languages or large print. Or, you can ask for an interpreter. To ask for help, please call **1-877-542-8997**, TTY **711**, 8 a.m. – 5 p.m., Monday – Friday.

English:

If the enclosed information is not in your primary language, please call UnitedHealthcare Community Plan at **1-877-542-8997, TTY 711.**

Hmong:

Yog cov ntaub ntawv no tsis yog sau ua koj hom lus, thov hu rau UnitedHealthcare Community Plan ntawm 1-877-542-8997, TTY 711.

Samoan:

Afai o fa'amatalaga ua tuuina atu e le'o tusia i lau gagana masani, fa'amolemole fa'afesoota'i mai le vaega a le UnitedHealthcare Community Plan ile telefoni 1-877-542-8997, TTY 711.

Russian:

Если прилагаемая информация представлена не на Вашем родном языке, позвоните представителю UnitedHealthcare Community Plan по тел. 1-877-542-8997, телетайп 711.

Ukrainian:

Якщо інформацію, що додається, подано не Вашою рідною мовою, зателефонуйте представнику UnitedHealthcare Community Plan за телефоном 1-877-542-8997, телетайп 711.

Korean:

동봉한 안내 자료가 귀하의 모국어로 준비되어 있지 않으면 1-877-542-8997, TTY 711로 UnitedHealthcare Community Plan에 전화하십시오.

Romanian:

Dacă informațiile alăturate nu sunt în limba dumneavoastră principală, vă rugăm să sunați la UnitedHealthcare Community Plan, la numărul 1-877-542-8997, TTY 711.

Amharic:

ተያይዞ ያለው መረጃ በቋንቋዎ ካልሆነ፣ እባክዎ በሚከተለው ስልክ ቁጥር ወደ UnitedHealthcare Community Plan ይደውሉ፡-1-877-542-8997፣ መስማት ለተሳናቸው/TTY: 711

Tigrinya:

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Spanish:

Si la información adjunta no está en su lengua materna, llame a UnitedHealthcare Community Plan al 1-877-542-8997, TTY 711.

Lao:

ຖ້າຂໍ້ມູນທີ່ຕິດຄັດມານີ້ບໍ່ແມ່ນພາສາຕົນຕໍ່ຂອງທ່ານ, ກະລຸນາໂທຫາ UnitedHealthcare Community Plan ທີ່ຈຸດ
1-877-542-8997, TTY:711.

Vietnamese:

Nếu ngôn ngữ trong thông tin đính kèm này không phải là ngôn ngữ chính của quý vị, xin gọi cho
Unitedhealthcare Community Plan theo số 1-877-542-8997, TTY 711.

Traditional Chinese:

若隨附資訊的語言不屬於您主要使用語言，請致電 UnitedHealthcare Community Plan，電話號碼
為 1-877-542-8997（聽障專線 (TTY) 為 711）

Khmer:

ប្រសិនបើព័ត៌មានដែលភ្ជាប់មកនេះមិនមែនជាភាសាដើមរបស់អ្នកទេ សូមទូរស័ព្ទមកកាន់ UnitedHealthcare Community Plan ឬ
លេខ 1-877-542-8997 ឬ ប្រមាញ់អ្នកឆ្លង TTY: 711។

Tagalog:

Kung ang nakalaking impormasyon ay wala sa iyong pangunahing wika, mangyaring tumawag sa
UnitedHealthcare Community Plan sa 1-877-542-8997, TTY 711.

Farsi:

در صورت اینکه اطلاعات پیوست به زبان اولیه شما نمیباشد، لطفاً با UnitedHealthcare Community Plan با این شماره تماس حاصل
نمایید: 1-877-542-8997 وسیله ارتباطی برای ناشنویان TTY: 711